OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, *of the Duchy of* Cornwall, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, JUNE 13, 1752. [N°. 10.

The Seniors Judgments all the Crowd admire,
Who but to ſink the deeper, riſe the higher.
POPE.

IF we were to credit the Aſſertions of ſome Men in the Proportion we revere their Abilities, we could not hear a *Bolingbroke* tell us of the Declenſion of Virtue, Polity, in a word, of all Art and Science, without giving into a Belief I am apt to think more implicit than judicious, more the Reſult of his Authority than of our own Conviction.

Venerable as the Labors of the truly wiſe and great ſhould ever be eſteemed, we ſhall not preſume a Diſagreement from them, but upon Motives of apparent Neceſſity. We ſhall not contradict the noble Writer juſt mentioned without refuting him; and when Truth ſhall appear the Baſis of our Arguments, all other Conſiderations will be alike indifferent.

Bolingbroke, in one of his *Letters on the Study and Uſe of Hiſtory*, roundly affirms, "Arts & Sciences decline," *&c.* A Poſition we can by no means admit, if we can believe our own Eyes and Ears. We have our Experience, as well as *Bolingbroke* had his; and this informs us, that Arts and Sciences do not *decline* but *vary*: for, as the Arts and Sciences he ſpeaks of pertain chiefly to thoſe of Government, to ſay they *decline* is libellous, if not treaſonable; but to ſay *they vary* is only to ſay a Truth which can neither offend nor be denied.

But is cavilling at Words rectifying Sentiments? Or, is a Truth leſs ſo, becauſe ſaid to be libellous or treaſonable? Theſe are Queſtions which, at another Time, might be as eaſily anſwered as aſked; but having more material Buſineſs upon our Hands, we ſhall proceed.

"Arts and Sciences vary" is the Poſition we are to eſtabliſh, in Oppoſition to that which aſſerts, "Arts and Sciences decline." By the firſt Poſition, we are to underſtand, that the Art and Science of Government (of which only we ſpeak) are alive and flouriſhing, ſuch as they are; by the laſt, that they are dead or dying.

Every thing, we are told, hath its Seaſon. In the two laſt Centuries, the Maxims of Government in *England* were ſometimes founded on the Intereſts of *England*. We might inſtance the whole Reigns of *Henry* the Seventh, *Elizabeth*, *&c.* and ſome lucid Intervals in the Reigns of ſucceeding Princes down to the *Revolution*; nay, and even after that, thoſe lucid Intervals are not entirely wanting — we might witneſs the preſent Adminiſtration if we could do ſo without offending Modeſty --- and Truth, — aye, Truth, is not always ſeaſonable.

So much in general for paſt Ages, now for the preſent. We have ſeen *the peaceable*, *the glorious*, *the tyrannic*, *the rebellious*, *the revolutional* Periods in our paſt Hiſtory, to bring us gradually to *the inventive* Æra, which dates its beginning pretty early in the preſent Century; but when it will end muſt be left to the Aſtrologers.

This *inventive* Æra began with the Adminiſtration of Sir *Robert Walpole*. He was the Genius who firſt *varied* the Arts and Science of Government, and found out Maxims for our Conduct which did not regard our Intereſts. He was the firſt Promulgator of the profound Syſtem of Politics, which now diverts all *Europe*, *Britain* only excepted.

This prolific Genius outſtript all his Predeceſſors. He did not, like a ſervile *Mazarine* tamely carry on the Projects of another: He formed Projects of his own, and executed them his own way: He was a perfect Original; for, contrary to the common Reaſon of Things, he would uſe the moſt refined Arts to deſtroy where it was vulgarly thought he ought to preſerve. He built the ſuperb Building of Corruption, where *Parliamentary Seats* are ſaid to have been bought and ſold, in the ſame manner that other Traffic is carried on at the *Royal Exchange*, and elſewhere. In ſhort, his whole *Principia* of Politics might be comprehended in this one: "I govern for myſelf, and K—, and *Hanover*." He was rewarded accordingly; for 'tis well known, that ſome Time before his Death, he was allowed a Penſion of 4000 *l. per Annum*, by the means even of thoſe who had been his Opponents before their Converſion in the Houſe of Corruption.

Obſervation on the Politics of this great Genius had ſuggeſted to *Swift* a Deſign of collecting a Treatiſe, entituled *The political Profund*, in Imitation of his *Poetical Profund*; wherein it is not doubted, had he finally executed it, there would have appeared as many Beauties as the Work is capable of. But, how the Deſign came to be left in Embryo, is leſs known than regretted. However, as we have ſeen the rough Outlines in the Manuſcript, the Reader ſhall be ſatisfied in them as well as bare Memory and a few Notes can ſatisfy him.

"It has been the general Opinion, ſays the Dean, that to deſcribe any thing well it muſt be well underſtood. I remember, old as I am, what I learned at School,

—Sumite materiem veſtris, qui ſcribitis, æquam Viribus, &c.

that, "before a Writer enter on a Subject he ſhould timely recollect whether he knows any thing of it." If this Document always obtained, and did ſtill obtain, I muſt in honeſt Frankneſs own myſelf unable to proceed, and be obliged to cloſe my Subject before I begin it; for that neither I, nor any Man living, *underſtand* this Subject, is moſt undeniably true.

"This ſaid Subject, we ſhall chriſtian by the Name of *The Political Profund*, as it ſtandeth written above: Nor ſhall we affright the good chriſtian Reader with any heathen *Greek* here, as we have inadvertently done in our *Art of ſinking in Poetry*, which however was only meant ſhould be read by deep-learned Clerks and Schoolmen.

"Having told you the Name, let us come to the Thing. Howbeit it goeth very hard with us to give you a true Underſtanding herein, we will try our beſt. By ſetting forth Examples we come with more Eaſe at Precepts, ſay the Learned; and by narrating how this *Political Profund* may diſplay itſelf, is the only way we can deviſe of deſcribing it. It can only be known by Effects, the ſecret Cauſes of it lying deep in the great *Profund*, which Eye hath never yet ſeen thro' or Heart underſtood.

"Inaſmuch as we have, from noted Experience, obſerved the *Profund Political*, or *Political Profund*, to ſhew itſelf in diverſe ways we will ſet them down as they paſs thro' our Memory:

I. When the Governors of a People have many heavy domeſtic Concernments to mind, they will mind none of them; but inſtead thereof, will amuſe themſelves with the Things of Strangers.

II. When they have run over Head and Ears in Debt, they will contract to pay foreign Stipends; and when leaſt able to extricate themſelves, embarraſs themſelves the moſt.

III. When they proclaim War againſt their Will, and carry it on without Vigor, they will declare Peace without Reaſon. They will be certain to let the Cauſes of the War continue, after Peace is made; becauſe they may become Cauſes for another War, if the *Profund* needeth ſuch Warfare.

IV. If the People be a Free and Brave People, they will be careful to make them Slaves and Cowards, by encreaſing the kingly Soldiery and ſpreading Luxury and Bribery thro' the Land.

V. Theſe Governors muſt not let the People into the Secret of their miſerable Condition 'till they cannot mend it, and then the *Profund* may operate in its full Strength. They may then ſcourge, ſcout, tyrannize, be ſottiſh, brutal, angry or pleaſed at Will.

VI. They muſt take moſt eſpecial Caution to be outwitted in all Bargains for the People; for that Blundering will give the People a Notion of their Simplicity, a Mark of Honeſty and Ignorance, the Appearance of one and Reality of the other being chief Ingredients in the *Political Profund*. As they are ignorant they may be ambitious of deſigning on the Liberties of Men; and as they ſeem honeſt, they may not be too ſoon ſuſpected thereof.

VII. They muſt never attempt, in any enlightened Mood, to leſſen the Debts or the Difficulties of the Governed. But they may encreaſe both --- not faſter than they can.

VIII. If they have any Bickerings about diſputed Sovereignty, let them give up the People's Right and Honour abroad, ſo they keep but their own Stations at home.

IX. They muſt neither know perfectly the Face of the Globe, nor any thing in it, not even their own true Intereſt.

X. They are very cunning, jealous, aſpiring, buſy, Spirits who thrive beſt in the *Profund*. To be moderately wiſe and diſcerning is to be utterly diſabled and unfit.

"Thus, good Reader, have we, with great Pains and would we could ſay with great Accuracy too, drawn forth the *Political Profund*. As Water bubbling out of the Earth certainly denoteth a hidden Spring not far off, in like

Faſhion doth the *Political Profund* ſhew itſelf in Effect; and we may thence ſhrewdly gueſs it a Maſs of Foolery and Wickedneſs. But in the next Chapter, whatever it be, we will be more diffuſe in our Reaſonings, and more adventurous in our Deviſements; to the End, that the Learned and Unlearned may both reap of our Thrift and Labor."

But the next Chapter, to the irreparable Loſs of Mankind, never ſaw the Light that I know of. But if ever it does, and it fall in my Way, the Public may be aſſured of it.

For my own Part I muſt confeſs I ſhould never have raſhly ventured to have ſaid ſo much, in theſe tremendous Days, in my own Words. If the above imperfect rude Sketch of the *Political Profund* turn out a Libel, as the Lord's Prayer may in time, I place my Security in Defect of Proof that I either wrote the one, or repeated the other --- maliciouſly.

Hence it appears, beyond Contradiction, that if the old Arts and Science of Government decline or die, they are ſucceeded by new; and that conſequently they only *vary*. But if a Favourer of our noble Opponent ſhould ſtart an Objection hitherto unobſerved, and tell us, Thoſe Arts might *decline* and *vary* at the ſame Time, I could no', ſelf-opinion'd as I might be, decline ſo fair an Opportunity of ending a Controverſy, of which I cannot but acknowlege I choſe the weakeſt Side; and wi hout I had done ſo, the Reader might not yet have ſeen the Heads of *The Political Profund*.

LONDON.

Thurſday being the acceſſion of his majeſty to the throne, who entered into the 26th year of his reign, the uſual ſolemnities were obſerved on that occaſion and the three regiments of foot gurads were muſtered in Hyde Park, in their new cloaths. His royal highneſs the prince of Wales came from Kew to St. James's and received the compliments of the nobility and gentry upon that joyful occaſion.

Tueſday the right hon. Robert Alſop, Eſq; Lord Mayor elect, went in the city barge to Weſtminſter, attended by the aldermen, recorder, ſheriffs, &c. & accompanied by ſeveral livery companies of this city in their reſpective barges, and was ſworn into his office before the barons of the exchequer, & having ſaluted the ſeveral courts that were ſitting, returned by water to Black-fryars, where he was ſaluted by the artillery company, who marched before his lordſhip to Ironmongers-hall, where an elegant entertainment was provided.

His lordſhip keeps his mayoralty at Ironmongers-hall, in Fenchurch ſtreet.

We hear his lordſhip has appointed the Rev. Mr. Roman, Profeſſor of Geometry at Greſham college, to be his chaplain. And

That his lordſhip will have the yellow regiment of trained bands, in the room of the late lord mayor.

Wedneſday the right hon. the lord mayor nominated the following gentlemen as proper perſons to ſerve the office of ſheriff of this city, viz.

Joſeph Daſh, Grocer.
John Markham, Apothecary.
John Waters, Draper.
Samuel Willſon, Cooper.
Solomon Baker, Diſtiller.
Thomas Brooks, Broiderer.
Bouchier Cleeve, Pewterer.
Ive Whitbread, Merchant-taylor.
John Holmes, Upholder.

Wedneſday at noon the right hon the lord mayor held a wardmote at Butchers hall, for the election of an alderman of Billinſgate-ward, when Sir Peter Warren, Knt. citizen and goldſmith, William Alexander, Eſq; citizen and tallow chandler, and John Torriano, Eſq; citizen and merchant taylor, were ſeverally put in nomination; and the lord mayor declared the majority of hands to be for Sir Peter Warren, and he was accordingly declared to be duly elected.

Laſt Tueſday evening Sir Peter Warren ſent a letter to the deputy and common council men of Billingſgate Ward, deſired to be excuſed taking upon him the office of alderman; and ſent at the ſame time 200l.——100l. of which he deſired might be applied for defraying the expences of the dinner which was ordered at the gun tavern, and the remaining 100l. might be applied for the ſervice of the poor of the ſaid ward.

It is believed that Sir Peter Warren will excuſe himſelf, either by fine or privilege, from accepting the office of alderman, and that William Alexander, Eſq; will be choſe in his room.

The following is an authentic account of the knights of the bath who have been aldermen and lord mayors of this city:

Sir Thomas Cook, Draper, 1462.
Sir Matthew Philip, Goldſmith, 1463.
Sir Ralph Joceline, Draper, 1464.
Privy Counſellors.
Sir Godfrey Fielding, 1442.
Sir John Champnies, 1535.

We hear that ſeveral merbers of a certain great company in this city have petitioned the court of aldermen, for the Maſter, Wardens, and court of aſſiſtants to ſhew cauſe why their Juniors have been called upon the court of aſſiſtants of the ſaid company, and the petitioners neglected; and that the court of aldermen have thereupon ordered the ſaid maſter and wardens to appear before the ſaid court to ſhew cauſe accordingly. If this ſhould come to be a caſe tried, and the court of aldermen's authority ſhould be eſtabliſhed, as 'tis not doubted but it will, the guardians of many other companies may, in that reſpect, be induced to follow the rules of equity a little cloſer than they have hitherto done.

Thomas Taſh, Eſq; nephew to Sir William Calvert, is appoinkd a commiſſioner of the cuſtoms, in the room of Sir Miles Stapylton, Bart. deceaſed.

Commodore Edgcumbe is appointed by the lords of the admiralty captain of the Deptford man of War, juſt built and commiſſioned, and commander of a ſquadron which is to ſail to the Mediterranean.

On Saturday the 30th ult. died, at his houſe at Rockford near Ringwood, Hants, in the 84th year of his age, the famous Dr. Stennett, who for many years practiſed phyſic and chymiſtry in that obſcure place; where he had a conſtant reſort of patients and meſſengers with phials of urine from all parts, for he never went abroad, to whom he adminiſtered both phyſic and advice for only one ſhilling a time, and thereby did abundance of cures: And though his fee was no larger, it is ſaid he has died worth a great deal of Money.

Mr. William Gurnell, who died a few days ſince at his houſe in the Old Jewry, hath by his will left a legacy of 500l. to the uſe of the charity ſchool in Ealing, near Brentford in the county of middleſex, towards the binding apprentices, and placing out in the world ſuch poor children as are educated in that ſchool.

We hear that a very elegant monument will ſhortly be erected to the memory of the late Dr. Barrowby, and the following inſcription has been offered:

Gulielmus Barrowby, jun. M. B.
Qui
Cum ſummo morborum judicio
Rectam præſcribendi Methodum
Fæliciter conjunxit.
Inter juniores Artis Medicæ revera Princeps,
Seniorum vix ulli ſecundus.
Quid plura?
Multas habuit virtutes,
Nemo ſine crimine vivit.
Morte præmatura cerreptus.
Obiit 30mo Debem. 1751, Ætat. 41.

On Friday 7 night the eſtate of the late Mr. Pugh, of Mathaven in North Wales, was purchaſed by the Executors of the late Sir Watkyn Williams Wynne, before a Maſter of the high court of chancery, for the Sum of 33400l.

We ſee the following ſtate of the herring fiſhery r m Holland this year:

From Ulaardingen	118	Buſſes, and	14 Jaggers.
Maasſluys	22		7
Delfshaven	16		0
Schiedam	8		0
Enkhuyſen	55		7
Briel	1		0
Ryp	17		0
	237		28

Monday three women were bound over to the ſeſſions, by juſtice Fielding, for aſſaulting on old woman and threatening to burn her for a witch. One of the accuſed declared to the juſtice, that the accuſer had bewitched two of her children. There was, it ſeems, a quarrel between this woman and the proſecutrix, and the latter had denounced vengeance againſt the former, and told her her children ſhould not live a month. Both of theſe were ſince dead of the ſmall pox; but the witch was a little miſtaken in time, ſeven weeks having elapſed before the death of the ſecond child.

On Sunday evening a footman belonging to a quarter maſter of the firſt troop of life guards, went with a cornchandler's ſon to ſee a footman of major Snead's of the ſame troop, they being all intimate, and all living in ſouth Audley ſtreet, Groſvenor ſquare: At night the ſervant maid went to bed, and left them all in good harmony over a bowl of punch; but at four the next morning ſhe was awaked by a great noiſe on the ſtair-caſe; ſhe immediately got up, and when ſhe came to the bottom of the ſtairs, ſhe there found the quarter maſter's ſervant lying dead. The cornchandler's ſon was found drunk and aſleep, but the major's ſervant made his Eſcape.

A Man in Wapping having raviſhed two children, the older not being above ſeven years of age, the poor girls were, on tueſday laſt, carried before juſtice Manwaring, in order to be examined and have a warrant granted againſt the raviſher. In the mean time he was informed of the proceedings againſt him, and went immediately and drowned himſelf in the Thames, of which advice was brought to the juſtice's before the examination was over, and conſequently an end was put to the whole affair.

Wedneſday morning a poor girl who had it ſeems been unjuſtly accuſed of defrauding her maſter of a guinea, which ſtrongly impreſſed her ſpirits, made an attempt upon her own life, by throwing herſelf into the new river head. She was a handſome young girl very neatly dreſſed. A haymaker, ſuſpecting her deſign, from the appearance of deſpair which was painted in her looks, cloſely followed her, and before her death was effected pulled her out; two gentlemen coming by had her carried to a public houſe in iſlington, and ordered her to be taken care of at their own expence.——The ſame morning a girl was taken out of the new river, who ſeemed to be newly drowned, and as ſhe was without a ſhift, it is thought ſhe did it through deſpair.

A few days ago a ſharper came into the ſhop of a perukemaker in St. Martin's lane, and beſpoke a wig at three guineas and upwards: He told the tradeſman that he lodged at a houſe in york buildings, and deſired him to have it ready as ſoon as poſſible, becauſe he wanted to wait on ſome company of diſtinction, which he oould not do without that requiſite. The tradeſman had caution enough to ſend to the houſe to enquire his character, and to his amazement found that the landlady knew nothing of him, nor had ever heard of ſuch a perſon; this alarmed his ſuſpicion, and ſaved him from being cheated.

We have advice from Nova Scotia by the way of New York, that 700 Germans are gone to ſettle at Mallagaſh harbour, twelve leagues to the weſtard of Hallifax, and that upwards of 700 Men were employed on the King's works at Hallifax.

From Chinecto they write of the deaths of the commander of his majeſty's forces, capt. Collier, of Laſcelle's regiment; and of monſ. la Jonquier, late intendant general of New France at Quebeck; he was the admiral who commanded the French fleet taken by lord Anſon and Sir Peter Warren in 1747, and ſome time a priſoner in England.

The ſchooner of capt. Sherbone, from Nova Scotia for Boſton in New England, was loſt in her paſſage near cape Samburgh. Only a Negro that was on board was drowned, but the maſter received ſo much hurt, that he died ſoon after he got on ſhore. The reſt of his people continued on an Iſland five or ſix days, and were then taken off by a fiſhing boat which carried them to Hallifax in Nova Scotia.

They write from New York, that the Spaniſh gallies which attacked the Engliſh ſhips in the bay of Honduras and Campeachy, were loſt in a violent north wind, and that many of the crews periſhed.

The Engliſh ſhips had left the bay, and they had an Account that ten of them were ſince arrived ſafe at Jamaica.

'Tis ſaid that upwards of fifty houſes of ill repute in and near the Strand, are al eady ſhut up, on account of the late act of Parliament; and it is no doubted but many more will do the ſame.

Wedneſday the wife of one Wrance, a labouring man an ealing in middleſex, cut her tnroat from ear to ear. She made a pretence to ſend her husband out, and immediately took a razor, and ſat down on the floor, to execute this ſhocking deed. The Reaſon ſhe gave for this, was, that ſhe had been long in Darkneſs. She had been married upwards of 2 years, & her husband and ſhe were always remarkable for their induſtry, & affection to each other.

Laſt Sunday afternoon a boy's cloaths were obſerved lying by the ſide of a clay pit near the tile kiln behind Oxford road without any appearance of the owner, who was therefore ſuſpected to be drowned in the pit. Several attempts were made to make do dive for him, but to no purpoſe, for the water was very deep. At laſt a drag net was brought, & about one o'clock on Monday morning the corpſe of a la about 12 years of age was brought up.

We learn from Petersburgh, that they are extremely attentive on the war in Persia, which is still carried on with success by the Georgian prince Heraclius; but that all the princes upon the Caspian sea continue still to acknowlege shah Doub.

We learn from Tyrol, that they have actually begun to open there, with great ceremony, some new mines, which are supposed to be rich in silver, and which supposition was thought to be so well supported by the first assays, that Te Deum was sung under the discharge of artillery and small arms. Vast expectations are entertained of this discovery, insomuch that the people flatter themselves their country will become another Peru.

Letters from Constaatinople, by the way of Venice, acquaint us, that a proposition has been lately made to the Divan for establishing a free port in the Arabian Gulph, and making a free port likewise at Alexandria, which has met with great countenance from the grand vizir; but it is thought, that from the unsteadiness of the Turkish Government, it will be either totally neglected or speedily brought to nothing.

By letters from Languedoc it appears that they still pamper the protestants in that Part of France, many of both sexs convicted of assembling to preach and pray, contrary to the King's Edicts, having been recently committed to the prisons of Montpelier. Great numbers of them are daily leaving the country, some going to settle at Geneva, some in the Swiss Cantons, but the greatest part in the king of Prussia's dominions, where diverse privileges and advantages are granted them. Among these fugitives there are many silk, velvet and plush manufacturers. Saurin, one of their pastors, who lately abjured Calvinism, has since obtained a Pension of 800 Livres.

Extract of a Letter from Hanover, May 31, O. S.

"The review which lasted 5 days ended on Friday last; the king reviewed about half his soldiers (near 16000 men) who made an exceeding fine appearance, and went thro' their excercise with dexterity. The other half is to be reviewed some time this summer. We have very fine weather, and are likely to have a most plentiful summer."

St. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, adjoins the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-street, and down Clarges-street, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Persons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, supposing the Marriages to be Sacramental to their Interest, have made it their Business to rave and clamour, but in such a Manner, as not to deserve an Answer, because every Thing they have said tends only to expose their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Sense and Understanding.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

ITALY.

Rome, May 6. O. S. The English noblemen and gentlemen now at this place on their travels, having taken into consideration the disadvantages young students of their nation in painting and sculpture lie under here, for want of the foundation of an academy, with pensions for the encouragement of those whose circumstances will not permit them to prosecute their studies for a sufficient time at their own expence, have begun a generous subscription towards the foundation of an academy, and have appointed Mr. John Parker, history painter, to be the rector and director thereof. The generous Promoters of this foundation are the lords Bruce, Charlemont, Tilney, and Kilmorey, Sir Thomas Kenrick, Messr. Ward, Iremonger, Lieutheulier, Baccheroop, Cook, Lypeat, and Murphy. And all nations in Europe, particularly the French, have academies, and great encouragements, 'tis hop'd the lovers of the arts will promote this generous design.

FRANCE.

Marseilles, May 26. Within these few days past 3 Barks have sailed from hence for Bastia; and 'tis generally said here, that they are gone thither in order to bring away the French forces from Corsica; but this is fact, as most people think it is, that Island will doubtless soon be in as much trouble and confusion as ever.

BANKRUPTS.

John Greenaway, the younger, late of Farrington in the county of Berks, innholder, dealer, and chapman.

John Eden, now or late of Gosport, in the county of Southampton, mercer, linnen-draper & chapman.

John Barham, now or late of Gosport, in the county of Southampton, brewer, malster, and chapman.

A Gentlewoman, the Wife of a Merchant, now big with Child and near her Time, whose Husband once lived in Credit and Esteem, but thro' inevitable Misfortunes has been confined in Prison Five Years and upwards, and is now destitute of all Relief or Succour but what the good and gracious Hand of Providence shall inspire well disposed Christians to bestow, humbly implores their Charity to help them and their Family in this severe Distress. ——— The Compassionate who are pleased to lend an assisting Hand in the Preservation of this Family from perishing for want, are desired to send their Donations to Mr. Parker, a Printer, in Red-Lion Court, Fleet-street; and the Favour shall be publicly acknowleged in this Paper.

The only infallible and speedy Cure for the most confirmed

LEPROSY, either of the Moist or Dry Kind,

By a pleasant Electuary, that has been for many Years sold, with much and happy Benefit to the Public, by Mr. Read, for 5 s. a Pot, at his Great Corner House in White-Fryars, Fleet street: JAMES READ, *in great Letters, is wrote over the Door.*

FOR all Leprous, and other stubborn Breakings-out on the Skin, whether on the whole Body or in particular Parts only, this incomparable pleasant Electuary is the only sure and easy Cure, which, after all the usual Methods and Medicines, and even Salivations try'd in vain, perfectly eradicates those inveterate Maladies, though of many Years standing, so as never to return again; accomplishing that in a few Days, which no other Means can possibly perform in as many Months, and that without any Confinement, with the greatest Safety in the World, as has been happily experienced by many Hundreds.

Common Itches, and other slight Foulnesses of the Skin, it completely cures almost in an Instant, without Trouble; and for the worst Scabbiness, and most grievous Leprosy, may certainly be depended upon as absolutely infallible, as the Patients themselves in three Days Time will assuredly find.

N B. This noble specific Electuary may be taken with equal Success in extreme Weather, hot or cold, by following the printed Directions given with the Medicine.

The GREAT CARMINATIVE,

A most famous Tincture for the Wind Cholic,

IN what Part soever lodged; for at once taking, and in five Minutes Time, it perfectly cures the several Gripings in the Guts, and immediately expels the Wind from the Stomach (or Bowels (as it were) to a Miracle.

For all wandering Pains in any Part soever, which are in some Persons forerunners of a fixed Rheumatism; in others, the Gout, mistaken many Times under the Notion of Scorbutick Ailments, this famous Medicine has not its Fellow, having wrought Wonders in these Cases on great Numbers of People, who, before taking it, could neither sit, stand nor lie at Ease, but were in intolerable Pain Night and Day, and in taking less than half a Bottle, were absolutely freed from their present Pain, and by a short Continuance of the Course, recovered to perfect Health again.

As for any Belchings, or Hiccups, proceeding from Wind, or, in short, in any Case of Wind, it may be depended on, as the best, safest, most expeditious, and most sovereign Remedy ever yet known.

To be sold now only by Mr Sandwell, at his Toy-shop, the Sign of the Griffin the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry, and by Mr Martin, at the Sign of the Duke of Cumberland in Cranbourn-Alley, near Leicester Fields, at 3 s. the Bottle Retail.

By the said Mr. Sandwell and Mr. Martin is sold for 3 s. the Bottle.

The Princely beautifying LOTION,

Whose INIMITABLE VIRTUES and TRANSCENDENT EXCELLENCIES have gain'd it so much Reputation, that envious Imitators endeavour, tho' in vain, to counterfeit it.

It beautifies the Face, Neck, and Hands, to the utmost Perfection, and is in the greatest Esteem amongst Ladies, &c. of the first Quality: No Words can sufficiently express its Virtues; for it is not of the Nature of Paint, which puts a false and unnatural Gloss on the Skin, but is a true Remedy, that really gives a Lustre to the most Beautiful, by shewing the fine Features of the Face; and is soase, not having the least Grain of Mercury in it, that it may be taken inwardly; and if smell'd to is really good against Vapours.

It infallibly kills Worms in the Face, takes away Freckles, Spots, Wrinckles, Pits or Marks of the Small-Pox, and assuredly cures any Defects in the Face giving a charming youthful Lustre and fine Air to the Features to Admiration.

As for such Persons as are of a swarthy Complection, or troubled with any disagreeable Redness, Roughness, Morphew, Heats, or the like, it is not to be parallell'd; for it immediately smooths, clears, plumps, nourishes, and whitens the Skin to the last Degree, and makes those Persons who before looked hagged and old, to look young, beautiful, and fair; and in short it far exceeds any thing that was ever yet known, or made publick for clearing and beautifying the Skin.

It will keep good twenty Years, well cork'd, in any Part of the World, good Allowance is given by the Dozen to sell again.

By the KING's PATENT,

For this *Kingdom* and the *Plantations*,

THE *Purging Antivenereal* ELECTUARY (whereby all Degrees and Symptoms of the Venereal Disease, from the slightest Infection to the most confirmed Pox, are happily cured and eradicated) is sold only by the Proprietor, R. ROCK, L. M. at his Chymist's Shop, the Corner of Bell-Savage Inn Gateway, Ludgate-hill, London, at Six Shillings the Pot.

A Book of plain Instructions for each Person to know the State he is in, with the Symptoms attending the different Degrees of Infection, and plain Directions how to treat them, whereby he may in general be his own Physician, is given with each Pot of Electuary.

This Medicine is not unpleasant to take, is of a safe and gentle Nature, not operating violently, yet roots out the Disease; it requires not too strict a Regimen of Diet, nor exposes the Body to injury from the Weather.

No Person need be apprehensive of a Discovery of his Disorder from this Medicine, as it may be taken, and the Patient follow Business as usual.

Those who suspect they have received some Taint from a Converse with an impure Person, by taking a Dose or two of this Electuary may have their Minds set at Ease, either by its shewing them, from no Symptoms appearing, that they have escaped, and are safe; or, in case of Infection, by bringing on a gentle Discharge of the Virus, which otherwise would have lain lurking in them, and spreading its Malignity.

Such as have received imperfect Cures, may, by a few Doses of this Electuary, have all Infection carried off, and their Cure happily completed.

Nor is this Medicine less effectual in the Cure of some Species of the Rheumatism; and may be had at my Shop, on asking for a Six Shilling Pot of Electuary for the Rheumatism.

Persons likewise of a Scrophulous, Scorbutic, or gross Habit of Body, cannot have a better cleansing, purifying, and sweetening Purge; which, regularly and properly taken, will do Wonders towards their Cure.

Persons who have got any Degree of the Venereal Disease, and are obliged to go to Sea with it on them, would do well to take some of this Electuary and my plain Book of Instructions with them: They'll soon find the Benefit of so doing; and it will keep good in all Climates.

This Electuary is efficacious in carrying off all Impurities in an easy gentle Manner; is safe for Persons of all Ages and both Sexes. —— And the Proprietor, who has practised Medicine for Two-and-thirty Years, and made the Cure of the Venereal Disease his principal Study, attends from Seven in the Morning 'till Ten at Night, to give his Patients and Customers all necessary Advice and Assistance to the Completion of their Cure.

He answers all Letters, Post paid.

At the above Place may be had, my genuine Restoring Viper Drops, 5 s. a Bottle.

Chymical Liquor for curing the ITCH, or any other BREAKING-OUT whatever. Price 1 s. 6 d. the Bottle.

Daff's ELIXER 9 d. the Bottle.

Tincture for curing the Tooth-Ach, and cleaning the Teeth, 1 s the Bottle.

The most wonderful cleansing and strengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weaknesses and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miscarriages in Women; and to cleanse and strengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained such Repute, that near 30000 Bottles have been sold since April 1734, that they were first publish'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the aboveside Disorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were prefer'd by the late Dr Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obstinate Gleet and Weakness, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harrass'd with Electuaries, Bolusses, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Prescription (which he has still upon his File) has made Use of them ever since to Numbers of People in the very worst of Gleets, seminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Disorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c with the utmost Success and Safety; as also in all Weaknesses from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, excessive Coition, Self Pollution, seminal Emissions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Cases thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of so divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 s. 6 d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more especially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the most draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weaknesses of the Seminals and Genitals, as also of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleansing and healing, or a more strengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will say, by their soon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards restoring in these Weaknesses than any others can in ten, and is of so corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapse, even in the tenderest Constitutions, which can hardly be said of any other Medicine; and it is withal so elegantly pleasant to the Palate, and so agreeable to the Stomach that the nicest Person is delighted with it.

Mr. West, Goldsmith, who us'd to sell these Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr. Johnson, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-street, near Clare-Market, sealed up, with Directions, for any Messenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops and paying 3 s 6 d.

The onl Affort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived to the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without a ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt peaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, do at once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again: as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and ſerene the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of Eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſion'd many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY or IMPOTENCY in MEN, *whether occaſioned, by* Pollutio ſui, *Seminal Weakneſſes of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And alſo

Of BARRENNESS in WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weakneſſes, Coldneſs of Conſtitution, or any other Cauſe whatever.*

The Famous and Ineſtimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,

BEING the only true and infallible Cure for Impotency in Men and Barrenneſs in Women, in the Univerſe, and which it at once accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have experienced, and that by promoting the cheerful Currele of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State, to one more florid and ſparkling; opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreaſing the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenifhing the criſpy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by raſh living, Strains, or Self Abuſes, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch, that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 5s. a Bottle, ſealed up with inted Directions, and Advice at large.

The So much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, be they ever ſo ſevere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulens or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other, almoſt innumerable and grievous, Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly quell, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, reſtifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves, ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO deſtructive to the Conſtitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by draining away the Radical Moiſture or very Eſſence of Life, and inducing Conſumptions, Nervous Diſorders, &c. but to poſterity alſo, inaſmuch as thoſe afflicted with ſuch Gleetings, if not wholy diſabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miſerable, and ſhort-liv'd Iſſue.

Theſe waſting Gleetings, occaſion'd by Self-pollution, exceſſive Venery, ſevere Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almoſt all Phyſicians and Surgeons to be ſo very difficult to overcome, are now ſo certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Reſtrictive Balſamick Electuary, that no one, how bad ſoever, need deſpair of being entirely ſet to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country now ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon in thoſe Caſes. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6s. a Pot, ſeal'd up, with a Book of Inſtructions, highly neceſſary to be read by all Perſons whoever were afflicted with any Diſorder of the Seminal Veſſels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, This fam'd Balſamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balſamic Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd unleſs Poſt-paid.

To Perſons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS ſo frequent as of late they have been, nor have the uſual Remedies been found adequate to thoſe pertinacious Diſtempers: This occaſioned a Phyſician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palſy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vaſt Numbers of Perſons of both Sexes, and always with ſurprizing Succeſs even ſo as infallibly to cure by it the Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Diſorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that ſo thoſe labouring under theſe miſerable Ailments might know where to meet with a ſafe and moſt certain Cure, which it accompliſhes in ſo ſhort a Time, and with ſuch Eaſe and Pleaſure (a few Drops of it being a Doſe, highly agreeable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almoſt incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonſtrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients ſoon finds all Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and ſhaking, or Reſolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulſive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vaniſh and return no more, and this, though theſe Diſeaſes have been of many Years ſtanding, and whether occaſioned by long Illneſs, faſt Living, hard drinking, or any other Cauſe; for it performs all that can be wiſhed for in Nervous Caſes, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, reſtifies the Digeſtion, occaſions laudable Chyle, attenuates the Blood and Juices, cauſes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Veſſels, revives and increaſes the Spirits, warms, comforts, ſtrengthens, and replenifhes the Brain and whole Nervous Syſtem, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs reſtored to their priſtine Steadineſs and Strength, and the Palſy and all Paralitick Diſorders and Nervous Decays ſuddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themſelves, and all about them.

This ſovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be ſold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Croſs Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

ANTI-SIPHYILICON,

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and to as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt ſeparated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to befpeak it the only appoſite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

Hence it is that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it abſolutely to be depended upon and much more ſafe and effectual than any other Medicine whatever.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Appehenſions, for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and agreeable Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſes of the Skin, or Scrofulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by a Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. *Ask only for a Golden Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.*

Dr. E. NELSON, being well known to have made the Cure of Seminal and Genital Imbecilities his chief Study and Practice above thirty Years, does recommend his moſt Noble Cleanſing and Strengthning ELIXIR, which thouſands of People have experienced, to be the only BALSAMICK HEALING RESTORING Medicine in the World.

For Gleets and Weakneſſes,

THE Bane of Virility in the one Sex, and Deſtroyer of Fecundity in the other, whether from ill cur'd Venereal Infections (to which nothing is more common) or from inordinate Coition, Self-Pollution (that curſed School Wickedneſs, which ſpoils all Youth, by nipping their Manhood in the Bud) or from involuntary Emiſſions a Nights in the Sleep, or in the Day Time upon Stool with the Urine, or from Falls, Blows, Strains, Wrenches, or the like, which drain, and dry up, the Seminals, and wither, as it were, the Generative Faculties, cauſing Impotency in Men, the Fluor Albus, and Barrenneſs in Women, (or but a weakly, ſickly Offspring if any) and in the long Run (by impoveriſhing the Blood and Spirits) Melancholy, Vapours, Decays of Nature, and Conſumptions.

No Medicine can be more pleaſant to take, nor any Thing upon Earth more effectual for the Purpoſe; for let the Imbecility be ever ſo great, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, and be either in the Spermatick Veſſels, or Back, with Pain, or without, it certainly Cures by reviving and enriching the Blood and Spirits, comforting, ſtrengthning, and replenifhing the Reins and Seminals, and ſtrengthning and reſtoring the Genital Parts in both Sexes, how much ſoever weakned, rendred cold, or deadned, and bringing them to their natural Force, Warmth, and Vigour, by thickening and fertilizing the Seed which before was thin, wateriſh, or yelloviſh, and conſequently inſufficient, either for Procreation or the Act of it.

All Diſorders of the Urine, as Difficulty in the making or retaining it, or its dribling away, hot or ſmarting, or foul, ſlimy, thready, greaſy or ſtinking, whether from Gravel, Stone, Scangury, or Venereal Cauſe are likewiſe ſpeedily cured by it, and the Water made to be held as ſtrongly, and yet brought away as freely, eaſily, and ſtream'd, and clear as ever.

Price 5s. a Bottle. Prepared by the abovefaid Author, and (the only) ſealed up with Directions how to take it) at Mr. Corbet's Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church in Fleet-ſtreet, and by Henry Cook, under the Royal-Exchange, and 8 for a 5s. Bottle of Elixir.

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